



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/997,622	1	1/29/2001	Silvio Pupin	GB920000110US1	7090
	7590	12/23/2003		EXAM	INER
IBM Corp, I		N50/040-4	PHAN, THIEM D		
Endicott, NY 13760				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,				3729	
				DATE MAILED: 12/23/2003	5
					\mathcal{O}

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	ction Summary	Part of Paper No. 5					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	· p	atent Application (PTO-152)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		(PTO-413) Paper No(s)					
application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest since a specific reference was included in the fir 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language pro 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest reference was included in the first sentence of the Attachment(s)	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). of the certified copies not receive ic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(st sentence of the specification of ovisional application has been rec ic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	ed. e) (to a provisional application) in an Application Data Sheet. eived. and/or 121 since a specific					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2.□ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3.□ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	n priority under 35 U.S.C. & 119/2	n)-(d) or (f).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Expriority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		, ,					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
Application Papers							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4-6</u> is/are objected to.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 7-10</u> is/are rejected.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	anami nom oonskoration.						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>11 and 12</u> is/are with							
Disposition of Claims							
closed in accordance with the practice under l	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa							
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 A	ugust 2003.						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Period for Reply	VIO OFT TO EVOIDE A MONTH	0,5004					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Tim Phan pears on the cover sheet with the cover sh	3729 orrespondence address					
ome risusii summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
Offic Action Summary	09/997,622	PUPIN ET AL.					
	Application N .	Applicant(s)					

Art Unit: 3729

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicants' election with traverse of Group I (Claims 1-10) in Paper No. 4 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the examiner has not established a prima facie case of serious burden of examination of the inventions of Groups I and II together. This is not found persuasive because the examiner has established a prima facie case having shown in Paper No. 3, that the invention of Group I has a separate classification (Class 29, subclass 426.2) from the invention of Group II (Class 29, subclass 842). Moreover, the inventions of Groups I and II each have a separate status in the art and clearly have a separate field of search.

In accordance with MPEP § 803, the examiner has demonstrated that the inventions of Groups I and II are each independent or distinct as claimed (indicated in Paper No. 3) and a serious burden would be placed on the examiner as discussed above. The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 11 and 12 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected Group II, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Applicants are required to cancel these nonelected Claims (11 and 12) or take other appropriate action.

An Office Action on the merits of Claims 1-10 now follows.

Title

2. The following title is suggested: "A Method Of Manufacturing A Folding Top For A Convertible".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

These apparatus claims are written in such a manner so that they produce merely a catalogue of unrelated parts. In other words, the recited apparatus is non-functional.

Also the term "adapted for" (Claim 1, line 5) performs a function that is not a positive limitation but only require the ability to so perform. It does not constitute a limitation in any patentable sense. *In re* Hutchinson 69USPQ 138.

Application/Control Number: 09/997,622 Page 4

Art Unit: 3729

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Suzuki et al (US 6,138,345) hereinafter '345.

As applied to claim 1, the '345 teaches an apparatus for inserting and extracting metallic pins of press-fit connector of matrix switch board which reads on applicants' claimed limitations, including:

- first and second jaws (Cf. Fig. 24, element 55) for removing insertion pins;
- a holding structure (CF. Fig. 26, elements 80-86) for moving jaws (Cf. fig. 25, element
 55) away from the switch board (Cf. Fig. 24, element 90) without damage to adjacent metallic pins.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the shell housing of the press-fit connector to the metallic pin body in order to grasp the connector housing with the two parallel jaws for removal.

As applied to claim 2, the '345 teaches the grasping by the two jaws of the device (CF. Fig. 25, element 40) and its parallel removal.

As applied to claim 3, the '345 teaches that the jaw is wedge-shaped (Cf. Fig. 24, element 551) with an inclined surface of the device to be pulled out.

7. Claims 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the '345 in view of Ota et al (US 5,509,192) hereinafter '192.

As applied to claim 7, the '345 teaches the claimed invention, including a drive structure to pull the two jaws along a direction parallel to the longitudinal axis of the device (CF. Fig. 26, element 81).

The '192 teaches as old art (Cf. Fig. 11, element 3a) the horizontal gripping movement of the two jaws for expansion or shrinkage.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the two teachings by applying the reference of the horizontal expansion of the gripping mechanism, as taught by the '192, in order to have a large number of sizes for the two jaws to grip.

As applied to claim 8, the '192 teaches a conveyor mechanism where the drive structure for the gripping jaws is mounted (CF. Fig. 11, element 3b).

Application/Control Number: 09/997,622

Art Unit: 3729

As applied to claim 9, the '345 and '192 teach the claimed invention, except for locking the structure in a selected position.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to lock the structure in a selected position since it was known in the art that the mechanism has a position detector, a controller (Cf. Abstract) and stock of connectors to be removed by the conveyor unit (Cf. column 1, lines 27-30).

As applied to claim 10, the '345 and '192 teach the claimed invention, except for having a pressing member to prevent removal of adjacent module.

It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to have a pressing member to prevent removal of adjacent module by mistake since it was known in the art that there is a position detector and a controller that will pinpoint the shell housing of the connector to be removed.

Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 4-6 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tim Phan whose telephone number is 703-605-0707. The examiner can normally be reached on M - F, 9AM - 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Vo can be reached on 703-308-1789. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1148.

M

CARL J. ARBES PRIMARY EXAMINER

Tim Phan Examiner Art Unit 3729

tp December 8, 2003